Problem 1 (0 Points)
Familiarize yourself with the sections of The Gnu C Library Reference Manual that pertain to implementing the ssh shell.

Problem 2 (6 Points)
The course Web page contains the file npipe3-puzzle.c and its header file stdinc.h. At one time, the program solved the npipe problem described below but for the limited case of N = 3 processes (i.e., a pipeline of two pipes). But the student dropped the npipe3.c source code on the floor, and some lines got scrambled.

Here is the description of the more general npipe program It is called like this:

```
npipe [-n N]
```

where N indicates the number of instances of npipe. Basically, when run it forms a pipeline with N - 1 pipes connecting N instances of the npipe process: "npipe | npipe | ... | npipe" The kth process creates the pipe to the (k + 1)th process and forks the (k + 1)th process. As a verification that each process outputs the same bytes, each process computes the sum of all bytes treating each byte as an unsigned integer value. This checksum is printed on stderr by the main routine before it exits.

The program npipe3 is just npipe with N=3. You are to unscramble the code so that it will compile and run properly. We know the following:

- See the comments in the beginning of the npipe3-puzzle.c code for the usage syntax.
- In its correct order, the program compiled using "g++ -g -o npipe3 npipe3.c" and ran correctly on a Linux 2.6 system. There may be minor changes that are needed to get it to compile on other systems.
- The file stdinc.h is correct.
- The only lines that got scrambled are in the following functions: pipe_stdout, pipe_stdin, do_plumbing, and do_jo.
- Debugging output can be enabled by uncommenting the line of code debug = 1; in the main routine.

Submit the following:

- The source program listing for the working version
- The output for some test cases when in debug mode
- An explanation of why the output indicates that the program is running correctly
- The output of the command "diff npipe3-puzzle.c npipe3.c" where npipe3.c is the working code and npipe3-puzzle.c is the original code.
Problem 3 (8 Points)
Consider the following three `xssh` pipelines:

```
ls -l /usr/bin | grep Dec | sort -n +4
ls -l /usr/bin | grep Dec | sort -n +4 > xxx
ls -l /usr/bin | grep Dec | sort -n +4 > xxx &
```

a) Give the pseudo-code required to evaluate the first pipeline in which `xssh` creates all pipelines and forks all processes in the pipeline. Number each line of the pseudo-code (the line numbers will be used in Part b). Assume that only non-built-in commands are in the pipeline.

b) A correct solution should exhibit each of the properties listed below. For each property, explain which line(s) of your pseudo-code will lead to the property listed.

1) `xssh` creates one child process for each command in the pipeline.
2) `xssh` creates one less pipeline than the number of commands.
3) Child `k` redirects stdout to pipe `k` for `k = 0, 1` if counting from 0.
4) Child `k` redirects stdin to pipe `k - 1` for `k = 1, 2` if counting from 0.
5) `xssh` waits for each child process it creates.

c) Explain how the pseudo-code in Part a would need to be modified to support the stdout redirection shown in the second pipeline.

d) What is the most difficult part of trying to support the backgrounding of a pipeline as shown in the third pipeline? Explain.

Extra Credit

Problem 4 (8 Points)
Write a homework problem based on the material covered by Homework 2. The ideal problem should have some of the following properties:

- The problem statement is short (no more than one-half page).
- The problem can be solved in 10-20 minutes by someone who understands the concept(s) behind the problem.
- The problem is novel.
- The solution to the problem demonstrates depth of understanding.
- The problem is integrative; i.e., it’s solution requires the understanding of more than one concept.

Submit the following:

- A statement of the problem.
- A solution to the problem.
- An explanation of which properties of an ideal problem are exhibited by your problem.